

WEATHER.

Cloudy tonight, probably rain. Tomorrow, fair; light variable winds. Temperature for the past twenty-four hours: Highest, 43, at 2 p.m. today; lowest, 25, at 4 a.m. today. Full report on page 17.

CLOSING NEW YORK STOCKS PAGE 20.

No. 20,145.

WASHINGTON, D. C., TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 23, 1915—TWENTY-FOUR PAGES.



Last Week's Sworn Net Circulation—Daily Average, 74,172; Sunday, 54,887.

ONE CENT.

CAPT. K. BOY-ED ACCUSED BY U. S.

Charged With Directing Provisioning of Teuton Warships in Atlantic and Pacific.

SPENT IN AUGUST, 1914, \$750,000, IT IS ALLEGED

German Naval Attache Formally Accused at Opening of Conspiracy Trial in New York.



CAPT. BOY-ED.

NEW YORK, November 23.—Capt. K. Boy-Ed, German naval attache, was the directing hand under whom was spent \$750,000 in chartering and supplying neutral steamers with coal and provisions for German men-of-war in the Atlantic and Pacific in August, 1914, the government formally charged—and asserted that it was prepared to prove the charge—in the opening today of the trial, on charges of conspiracy, of Dr. Karl Buezn, managing director of the Hamburg-American Line, and of his subordinate, Roger B. Wood, assistant United States district attorney in charge of the prosecution, in so declaring, asserted that the entire sum was spent under the personal direction of Capt. Boy-Ed, and that from \$500,000 to \$600,000 of the amount was spent in San Francisco in chartering vessels and obtaining supplies for the German warship Leipzig, and, perhaps, the Dresden.

Millions Spent, Is Charge. This, the government charges, was part of a conspiracy that extended from New York and Philadelphia to New Orleans and San Francisco, in which German money was spent by the millions and in which the defendants were the leading characters. In the performance of this alleged conspiracy, Mr. Wood said, the defendants "rode roughshod over the laws and treaties of the United States as contemptuously as if those laws and treaties had been mere scraps of paper."

William Rand, counsel for the defense, admitted that the defendants had chartered and supplied twelve ships which sailed away from American ports for the relief of German men-of-war. In so doing, Mr. Rand asserted, the defendants acted upon orders and the commanders, the coal, provisions and supplies were to be delivered in such quantities as might be required.

Issued Necessary Orders. "Karl Buezn undertook to comply with these instructions, and with that end in view issued the necessary orders to George Kotter and Adolph Hachmeister"—co-defendants—"who obeyed them."

The Hamburg-American line, owned or chartered upon time charters a number of steamships, light coal, provisions and supplies which were loaded upon these steamships and caused or attempted to cause these steamships to sail from the ports of Newport News, New York, Philadelphia, Pensacola and New Orleans with this object.

The sums so expended were from time to time supplied by the home office of the court session of the trial, that an important witness for the government had left the jurisdiction of the United States a week ago and now is in Bermuda.

Name Not Disclosed. The name of this witness and what cog he was in the government's machinery in the case were not disclosed by Roger B. Wood, the assistant district attorney in charge of the prosecution. Mr. Wood said, however, that the man knew he would be wanted to testify. No reason for the witness' trip to Bermuda could be learned.

The jury box was filled within an hour after today's session opened, and the jurors were accepted by both sides and then sworn.

Immediately after this William Rand of counsel for the defense notified Assistant Attorney Wood that the defense would withdraw that part of the previous admission pertaining to the alleged connection of Capt. K. Boy-Ed, German naval attache, with the acts charged by the government.

PRESIDENT FIRMLY OPPOSED TO "PORK"

No Rewards Will Be Offered for Support of National Defense Plans.

PUBLIC BUILDING BILL TO BE CUT TO THE BONE

Rivers and Harbors Measure Also May Carry But Small Appropriation—Treasury Sees Waste.

President Wilson has set himself definitely and firmly against any "pork" for the boys in the congressional trenches during the coming battle over legislation for national defense. There will be no omnibus public buildings bill and no river and harbor bill, unless it is a small one designed to carry on important continuing works.

Intimations that the fight for preparedness legislation will develop into a skillful maneuvering on the part of a certain element in Congress to obtain public buildings in small towns and appropriations for backwoods river and harbor improvements continue to be the only place in the legislation of the coming winter, and that whatever laws are passed must be strictly upon their own merits, and the intimation is given that the President will keep handy a few vetoes ready for appropriation measures that do not come up to the requirements in this respect.

Will Keep Vetoes Handy.

The situation is thoroughly understood by the President, but he is prepared to inform the leaders that "pork" must have no place in the legislation of the coming winter, and that whatever laws are passed must be strictly upon their own merits, and the intimation is given that the President will keep handy a few vetoes ready for appropriation measures that do not come up to the requirements in this respect.

Impressed With Waste. Treasury officials are so impressed with the waste of millions of public money in constructing unnecessary buildings that serious efforts have been made to induce Secretary McAdoo to recommend to Congress the enactment of a law providing that no public building shall be placed in any community with a population below a certain number or where the receipts from the community are less than \$25,000.

Figures also are available showing that in large cities of the country \$2,500,000 is being paid out each year in rentals for buildings to accommodate the business of the government, that cannot be carried on in cramped public buildings. It is contended that as a matter of good business the public buildings in these cities should be enlarged or new ones built, and that the money in towns that have little or no business and where the buildings are largely ornamental.

REPORT OF THE SINKING OF GERMAN DREADNAUGHT

LONDON, November 23.—A dispatch to the Daily Mail from Rotterdam says: "One of Germany's newest dreadnaughts struck a mine Friday in the Baltic sea and went to the bottom. All the members of the crew were saved except thirty-three, who were drowned."

CABINET GETS MESSAGE.

President's Completed Address to Congress Laid Before His Advisers.

President Wilson laid before the cabinet today a practically completed draft of the address he will read to Congress December 8.

The President has decided to touch on the question of raising revenues for national defense, but probably only in very broad terms. Some of the cabinet wanted him to devote the entire address to the national defense question, but the President favors cutting appropriations as much as possible for public works and rivers and harbors improvements.

Britain Releases Two Americans.

LONDON, November 23, 11:57 a.m.—Emil Mielchle and Herman Kraus of Chicago, naturalized Americans of German birth, who were taken by the British authorities as spies, were released today at Kirkwall recently released today at the request of the American embassy. The men were released after the British practice of detaining naturalized citizens who are unable to produce their naturalization papers.

Birthday Honors for Mr. Carnegie.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., November 23.—The eightieth birthday anniversary of Andrew Carnegie and the fiftieth anniversary of the Carnegie Institute of Technology will be observed at the annual Founders' day celebration at the institute today and tomorrow. Tomorrow Dr. Henry S. Pritchett, president of the Carnegie Foundation, will deliver an address on "Andrew Carnegie."

WOULD GIVE RICHES TO END BLOODSHED

Henry Ford Ready to Spend His All to End European War.

URGES MR. WILSON TO START MOVEMENT

Advocates Congress of Neutral Nations as Promoter of Peace. Red Cross Needs Funds.

"I'm willing to spend everything I've got to stop the bloodshed in Europe and to destroy militarism wherever it exists," declared Henry Ford today after an interview with President Wilson, in which Mr. Ford urged the President to call a congress of neutral nations which will make renewed efforts to stop the European war.

Mr. Ford thought that with the sentiments of Christmas soon to fill the minds of men, even in the war-ridden countries, it would be a particularly appropriate time for the getting together of neutral nations inspired with the one idea of ending the horrors that have been going on for more than a year.

Willing to Back Effort. Mr. Ford declared that he would back to the utmost this or any other movement to initiate peace, and that he would not hesitate to use his money freely to the limit of the millions he now possesses.

"I guess I know how to make some more," he added after firmly expressing his purpose to put his fortune at the disposal of any plan that seems to promise peace. Mr. Ford intimated that he believed there were good reasons for believing efforts for peace might be successful.

Urges Relief Fund Appeal.

Miss Mabel Boardman of the Red Cross called at the White House today to urge the President to issue a Thanksgiving appeal for funds for relief of the United States for the Red Cross. She said that the Red Cross had already expended \$1,600,000 in hospital and other work in Europe and had comparatively little money left.

She hoped that an appeal by the President would bring in the millions of dollars which would be required to continue the work. The Red Cross has recently received cable messages from the Queen of Bulgaria and other royal figures.

GEN. LINTON DIED A HERO.

Australian Commander Gave Life That Others Might Live. That Others Might Live. LONDON, November 23.—Gen. Linton, the Australian commander, who perished when the transport Southland, carrying Australian troops for the Dardanelles, was torpedoed by a German submarine, was remembered today as a hero who sacrificed his life for others.

TELLS OF BULGAR PROGRAM.

Nish and Monastir to Be Kept, Finance Minister Asserts.

BERLIN, via London, November 23.—M. Tonneff, the Bulgarian finance minister, who has been in Berlin seeking a loan, said today that the portions of Serbia which would be kept permanently by Bulgaria include Nish and Monastir.

STEAMSHIP LIBRA BURNS.

Vessel Catches Fire While Moored at Dock in Cadiz.

CADIZ, Spain, November 22, via Paris, November 23, 12:25 a.m.—The steamship Libra and the greater part of its cargo were destroyed by a fire, which followed an explosion while inflammable goods were being discharged from the hold here today. Several scamen were injured. The Libra arrived Saturday from New York.

TO WELCOME LIBERTY BELL.

Greetings by Descendants of Man Who Split It 139 Years Ago.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., November 23.—Prominent among the welcome the Liberty Bell when it arrives here late today from Cleveland will be little Wilbert and Henrietta Hodge of Chartiers township, direct descendants, through their mother, Mrs. Thomas Hodge, of William Hodge, who 139 years ago rang the bell so hard that it cracked.

CASKET COMPANY CONVICTED.

Found Guilty of Shipping Liquor Improperly to "Dry" States.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., November 23.—The jury in the case of the United States at C. T. Bettendorf, manager; L. C. Mylius, superintendent; Frank



News Note: President Wilson has announced two "diplomatic" dinners this winter, in order to avoid the dilemma of officially entertaining at one table the representatives of warring powers.

Fox, shipping clerk, and A. G. Smith, traveling salesman, of the Tennessee Cofin and Casket Company, which has been pending in the federal court for the past week, returned a verdict this morning finding the Tennessee Cofin and Casket Company and Fox guilty of shipping liquor into adjoining states without proper branding of packages on the outside. A verdict of not guilty was rendered as to Bettendorf, Mylius and Smith.

The government indictment was based on the allegation that the company, through its officers, had made it the custom of inclosing bottles of whiskey in coffins sent out to its customers. Sentence on the company and Fox was postponed till Saturday.

FISCAL RELATIONS REPORT DELAYED

Congressional Committee Will Not Start Preparation Until Next Week.

The joint select committee of Congress investigating the fiscal relations between the United States and the District of Columbia met this morning for a few minutes and then adjourned to meet again at the call of the chairman, Senator Chilton, probably next Monday.

Only Senator Saulsbury and Representative Tamm were present at the meeting today, though Senator Works and the other members of the committee are expected to be present. It was known beforehand that Senator Chilton, the chairman, would not be present, and that an adjournment would be taken until next week.

GALLINGER FOR CONFERENCE.

Ready to See President Any Time After November 30.

Senator Gallinger, republican senator from New Hampshire, has accepted President Wilson's invitation to confer on the administration national defense plans. Senator Gallinger sent word to the White House that he would be in Washington November 29 and would be glad to talk to the President any time after that date.

GUNBOAT MARIETTA AGROUND.

Floated by Crew and Apparently Is Not Damaged.

The gunboat Marietta ran aground Sunday at Puerto Cortez, Honduras, when her anchors dragged during a heavy storm. She was floated by her crew without assistance and apparently undamaged.

Wife of Vice President Better.

Indianaapolis, November 23.—Mrs. Thomas R. Marshall, wife of the Vice President, passed a fairly good night and was reported to be in good condition today. She underwent an abdominal operation at a local hospital yesterday.

Avalanche Buries Swiss Soldiers.

BERN, Switzerland, November 23, via Paris, November 23.—A Swiss military patrol on Simplan mountain was caught in an avalanche today and killed. Fifty and five men were buried under the masses of snow and crushed to death.

Trains From Sofia to Budapest.

PARIS, via London, November 23.—Premier Radoslawski, in an interview, announces that express trains will be running from Sofia to Budapest in a few days—so soon as the work of repair on the Sofia-Belgrade stretch of the line is completed.

Street to Be Named for Miss Cavell.

PARIS, November 23, 10:50 p.m.—The city council has decided to name streets in London after Miss Edith Cavell and Emilie Desplaces, executed by the Germans in Belgium.

French Biplane Is Destroyed.

BERLIN, November 23, by wireless to Paris, November 23.—A French biplane was shot down by German army headquarters in today's official statement dealing with operations on the western front. Artillery duels took place in several sectors of the Franco-Belgian line, the report states.

Bring in \$15,750,000 in Gold.

NEW YORK, November 23.—Two shipments of gold valued at \$15,750,000 which arrived here on board the steamers Lapland and St. Paul were landed today. The Lapland brought \$7,000,000, while the St.

RUMOR OF CABINET CRISIS IN GREECE

Resignation of Premier Skouloudis Said to Be Expected Momentarily.

BRITISH FOREIGN OFFICE DENIES BLOCKADE REPORT

Inspires Belief in London That Athens May Have Met Allies' Demands.

SALONIKI, Greece, November 22, via Paris, November 23, 1:40 p.m.—The resignation of Premier Skouloudis of Greece, according to reports in circulation here, is expected momentarily, on account of difficulties between Greece and Great Britain.

London Denies Blockade.

LONDON, November 23, 1:46 p.m.—The foreign office states no Greek ships are being seized or held up in the ports of the United Kingdom, and that no blockade of Greek ports has been instituted or is in force.

No amplification of the foreign office statement is obtainable in official quarters. The universal deduction is that the Greek government has satisfied the British demands, submitted by Earl Kitchener, secretary for war, who was in Athens last week. It is assumed Greece has furnished guarantees of the safety of the Anglo-French expeditionary force.

May Have Been Premature.

It is believed the announcements from Athens concerning a commercial blockade of Greece were premature, in that they presented the provisional intentions of the entente allies as accomplished facts.

According to dispatches published in the London morning papers the Serbian war minister has arrived at Saloniki to consult with the allied staff, and Denys Cochin, member of the French cabinet, who has been in Saloniki to consult with the allied staff, is returning from that city owing to the difficult situation.

Announced as Official.

Recent dispatches from the near east have stated that the British government had inaugurated a "peaceful blockade" of Greece. A message Sunday from Athens gave what was represented as the text of an official announcement from the British legation there, saying the allied powers "have deemed it necessary to take certain measures which will have the effect of suspending the economic and commercial facilities which Greece has received from them heretofore. It was stated that the allied powers were satisfied as to the attitude of Greece, they would remove the obstacles now opposed to the arrival of merchandise in Greece."

The purpose of these measures, it was said, was to induce Greece to grant immunity to Serbian, French and British troops, which might be forced into Greek territory from hostile action by the Greeks.

WIDOWS' "TAG DAY" OPPOSED.

Chicago Mayor Asked to Veto Resolution Passed by Council.

CHICAGO, November 23.—Chicago will have a "tag day" for its dependent widows if a resolution passed by the city council last night is signed by Mayor William Hale Thompson.

The widows will do their own tagging and retain all money collected, according to the plan. The tag will be distributed among the various aldermen, who shall issue the necessary credentials to dependent widows. If, through ill health, the widow is unable to participate in the "tag day," she will be given permission to name some one to take her place.

Notable organizations of Chicago today began active opposition to the order Mayor Thompson was asked to veto on the ground that it would promote beggary and expose to jokes and insults women who appeared on the streets labeled "widow" and "soliciting funds."

How many widows there are in Chicago will have a "tag day" for its dependent widows if a resolution passed by the city council last night is signed by Mayor William Hale Thompson.

BRANDED AS DESERTERS.

Bulgarian War Ministry Denounces Officers Serving With Russians.

SOFIA, November 23, via London, November 23.—The Bulgarian war ministry publishes the names of twelve Bulgarian officers, now serving with the Russian army, who are branded as deserters.

The list includes Gen. Radko Dimitrieff, former ambassador to Russia; Maj. Gen. Srafoff, Capt. Lukazanoff and First Lieut. Torokoff, who challenged Pierre Loti, the French author, to a duel after the Balkan war because of Loti's criticism of the Bulgarian army.

AMERICAN PHYSICIANS HELD.

Efforts Being Made to Have Four Released From Uskup.

SALONIKI, Greece, November 17, via Paris, November 23 (delayed)—Dr. E. Stuart of Boston is endeavoring through the American and Bulgarian consulates to obtain the release of four American physicians who remained at Uskup after the Bulgarian occupation. The men are Peabody, Mias, Charles S. Osborne of Peabody, Mias, Charles S. Fox of Baltimore, Henry Plotz of New York and George Bahr of Brooklyn. Dr. A. F. Cornelius of Berea, Ky., has announced that he prefers to remain at Uskup with the Lady Paget hospital.

Berlin Gets Grain From Balkans.

AMSTERDAM, November 23, via London, November 23.—The Vossische Zeitung of Berlin announces the arrival there of the first consignment of cereals from the Balkans. A Constantinople dispatch says regular shipments of foodstuffs, especially grain, to place in several sectors of the Franco-Belgian line, the report states.

FOES PRESS SERBS FROM THREE SIDES IN TERRIFIC DRIVE

Bulgarians Capture 8,000 Prisoners, 44 Cannon and 22 Machine Guns.

ALLIES' HOPE NOW BASED ON A STAND AT MONASTIR

Program Calls for a French and British Junction With Serbians There.

REAR GUARD BATTLES HARD

Enemy Pays Tribute to Heroic and Determined Resistance Offered by the Retreating Army.

BERLIN, November 23, by wireless to Sayville, N. Y.—Notable progress for the Bulgarians in the region southeast of Pristina in Serbia, with the capture of 8,000 Serbians, forty-four cannon and twenty-two machine guns, was announced by German army headquarters today.

In Rear-Guard Battles.

The Teutonic troops have taken 1,500 additional Serbian prisoners and captured six cannon.

Northeast of Pristina and north of Mitrovitz, the Austro-German forces are advancing, throwing back the Serbians, who are resisting in rear-guard actions.

Entente Powers Encouraged.

LONDON, November 23.—The latest news from the Balkans has revived hope in England that Monastir may hold out long enough to enable the French and British forces to effect a junction with the Serbians. The Rome and London legations of Serbia have received reports of a great Serbian victory northeast of Pristina, but as these advices give neither details nor dates there are doubts as to their importance.

It is now believed allied forces which may take refuge on Greek territory are hardly likely to be subjected to attack from the rear.

The French military position in Macedonia is reported to have improved. The assertion is made that the Bulgarians retired to their positions after a vain attack on the French lines.

The seat of the Serbian government has again been shifted, on this occasion to Prizren, while the diplomatic corps has moved to Petch, Montenegro.

Bulgars Attacked in Rear.

The Times' Voden, Greece, correspondent, telegraphing last Thursday, says:

"The Bulgarian forces halting six miles east of Prilep are reported to have been taken in the rear by Serbians advancing from Katchanik and attacking the Bulgarians from the Albanian frontier. The pause in the Bulgar advance on Monastir would be explained by the fact that the Serbians have forbidden a Bulgarian occupation of Monastir, and the delay of movement against the Bulgarians between Prilep and Monastir with admirable courage has again been shifted, on this occasion to Prizren, while the diplomatic corps has moved to Petch, Montenegro."

Serbs Fighting Desperately.

AUSTRIAN HEADQUARTERS, November 22, via London, November 23.—With the occupation of Novi Pazar by the Germans, the Serbians have been almost entirely wrested from the Serbians, and the fighting turns more and more toward the ancient Kosovo battlefield and around its principal city, Pristina.

The troops of the central powers are encountering the bitterest opposition of the entire Serbian campaign, and every battle before it is won becomes a hand-to-hand conflict. The Serbians apparently are planning on a final stand on the Kosovo plain.

The Austrians and Germans estimate the Serbian army still numbers between 120,000 and 150,000, but that it is diminishing by 5,000 men daily.

French and Bulgars Meet in a Sanguinary Battle on Serbian River Rajec

FRENCH HEADQUARTERS, KAVARDA, Serbia, November 21, by courier to Saloniki, Greece, November 22, via Paris, November 23.—A sanguinary battle between the French and Bulgarians in the gorge of the Rajec river, a tributary of the Cerna, southeastern Serbia, has resulted thus far in the retirement of the French from a point north of Drenovo to the right bank of the Cerna. The French, however, are still holding the Rajec gorge and the important bridgehead at Bojharst, controlling the heights opposite Gradiste.

The Associated Press correspondent today relayed the French post west of the Rajec bridgehead, which is detailed to guard the strong natural position in the granite-walled gorge. This gorge, however, is exposed to artillery fire from the surrounding heights. Through it runs a narrow, rapid stream held by infantry.

Watched Battle From Hills.

Half an hour later the correspondent, with a party of French officers, watched the battle from the neighboring hills. Every detail was visible except during